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Ozonucleolysis in cervical radiculopathy – Pakistan experience.

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ABSTRACT

BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE

Direct injection of Oxygen-Ozone in the cervical discs has proved to be the effective alternative to surgery in patients with cervical disc herniation in many countries around the world. We report our experience with ozonucleolysis in patients affected by pain in cervical region (brachialgia) due to disc herniation including post-operative recurrence or disc prolapse.

METHODS

6000 patients were treated with single session of Oxygen-Ozone therapy from 2005-2020. All the patients had CT or MRI evidence of cervical disc prolapse with clinical signs of cervical nerve root compression. The procedure was performed under angiofluoroscopy using 22/23 G spinal needle without anesthesia. All the patients received intradiscal injection n of Oxygen-Ozone mixture at Ozone concentration of 30 μ gm/ml. Among these patients 4500 were males and 1500 were females between the ages of 20-70 years. Therapeutic outcome was assessed 8 week after treatment by using modified MacNab method.

RESULTS

A satisfactory therapeutic outcome was obtained. 60% of the patients showed complete recovery with resolution of symptoms. 20% of the patients complained of occasional episodes of neck pain and arms pain with no limitation of occupational activity. 5% of cases showed some improvement. 5% of cases had insufficient or no improvement and underwent surgery. 10% of cases never turned up after the first visit.

CONCLUSION

Intradiscal injection of Ozone for herniated cervical disc has revolutionized percutaneous approach to

nerve root diseases making it safer, cheaper and easier to repeat than treatments currently in use.